(considering the last six months of 1936 as a calendar year for this purpose), aggregating not less than fifteen per centum (15%) of the gross operating revenues of the Company for such calendar year; and

(3) If the Debenture Agreement permits the issue of additional debentures under said Agreement.

It is further ordered, that, promptly upon the issuance and sale of the aforesaid securities, declarant shall file with the Commission copies of such securities, of the executed bond indenture and of the executed debenture agreement, and shall notify the Commission that the terms and conditions under which such securities were issued and sold by the declarant have not failed in any respect to comply with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 1293-Filed, July 15, 1936; 12:36 p. m.]

Friday, July 17, 1936

No. 90

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

WR_B_2-Arizona-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-ARIZONA-1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices—Arizona

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Arizona, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2, Arizona-1, is hereby revised and supplemented as follows:

Section 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices, in the State of Arizona, as follows:

Practices—Rate of Payment per Acre—Conditions

- (a) Seeding and growing of:
- (1) Biennial or perennial legumes: \$4.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936,
- inclusive, and grown in 1936.

 (2) Biennial or perennial legumes: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, -1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.
 - (b) The use of green manure crops:
- (1) Small grains: \$1.00, when turned under in 1936 after two months' growth without pasturing or other previous utilization.
 (2) Biennial and perennial legames: \$2.50, when a growth equivalent to a growth for a full cutting is turned under between March 1, 1936, and November 30, 1936, inclusive.
 (3) Annual legames: \$1.00, when a growth equivalent to a growth for a full cutting is turned under between March 1, 1936, and November 30, 1936, inclusive.
- (c) Terracing:
- (1) Establishment of Terraces: \$2.00, when effected between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the
- (2) Establishment of Terraces and Terraces Planted and Left Unharvested: \$3.00, when effected between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (d) Fallow: \$0.50, when effected on irrigated land cropped in 1935 upon which no crop is planted in 1936, which is cultivated sufficiently to keep loosened and free from weeds and when the practices are carried out in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(e) Contour strip planting and fallow: \$1.00, when effected on nonirrigated land with strips of sorghum or sudan grass planted

in 1936 with intervening strips of fallow, and such strip crops oc-In 1936 with intervening strips of fallow, and such strip crops occupy \\ \cdot_3\$ or more of the acreage so strip cropped and fallowed and are left unharvested in 1938, and when carried out in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division: Provided, That only the area planted to strip crops is to be used in computing acreage devoted to this practice.

(f) Leaching: \(\text{85.00}, \) when effected on irrigated land cropped in 1935 upon which heavy accumulation of salts have made further crop production impossible, and upon which no crops are planted in 1936, and when carried out in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(g) Perennial noxious weed control:\(\text{2} \)

(g) Perennial noxious weed control: 3

(1) Chemical treatment: 810.00, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, seriously infested plots are controlled by the application of chemicals in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(2) Periodic cultivation: \$5.00, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, seriously injested plots are controlled by periodic cultivation in accordance with specifications irsued by the Director of the Western Division.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments will be made for the practices described in subsection (a) in addition to the practice described in subsection (c) (1). No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted, upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western Division.

Section 2. Seeding of Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose what-

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices which may be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following soil-building practices are carried out shall be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops:

- (a) Cultivated fallow practices when effected in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (d) above.
- (b) Terracing practices or perennial weed control practices effected in 1936 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (c) and Section 1 (g), respectively.

Section 4. Johnson Grass.—Land devoted to the production of Johnson grass shall not be regarded as used for the production of a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, but shall be regarded as devoted to a neutral use within the meaning of Section 3, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R.Doc. 1273-Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:54 a.m.]

¹As used herein, noxious weeds shall mean the following: Johnton Grass, Bindweed, White Horse-Nettle, Nut Grass, Blue Weed, Camel's Thorn, Death Weed.

WR.—B_{12-q}California, 1, Reylsed to equity on the Issued July 14: 1936

Life and the language of the control of the control of the Conservation, Program—Western Region

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of California, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2, California—1, 1s hereby revised and superseded as follows:

SECTION 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part III of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of California, as follows: a. nedi wan more and and to appear

- Practices Rate of Payment per Acre Conditions 100.40 (a) New seedings: 100 (a) 100 (b) 100 (c) 100 (c)
- (a) Irrigated: 8\(\frac{2}{100}\); Swhen seeded on trrigated crop land to between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936;
 (b) Non-Irrigated: \(\frac{2}{100}\), when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936,

 - (2) Biennial Legumes:

40 (a) Irrigated : \$8.00, when seeded on arrigated crop land in between September; 1/c1935; and August; 31, 1936.1. 1979. (b), Non-irrigated; \$1.50, when seeded on non-urrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936,

(3) Annual Summer Legumes, except soybeans cow peasafield beans, field peas, and yetch \$1.00, when seeded on irrigated or non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936. No restriction as to utilization.

(4) Perennial, Grusses, including Westerm and Berennial trye, Red top, Orchard, Meadow fesque, Crested wheat, Harding, Reed conary, Dallis, Bermuda, Rhodes, and Brome grasses, and permanent pasture mixtures:

(a) Irrigated: \$4.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936.

(b) Non-irrigated: \$2.50, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, on b

(b) Cover and manure crops:

(1) Winter Grops, including Vetches Common, Purple, Hairy, Oalcarata, Hungarian, Monantha, Horse beans, Tangier peas; Wedge peas; Field peas—Canadian yellow, Austrian winter; Clovers sour, White sweet, Hubam, Bur, Berseemi, Fenugreek; Mustards—White, Trieste, Black, White malva; Cereals—Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye; and other suitable winter crops, if adaptable tribulations; 2200 when seeded on communications.

Mustards—White, Trieste, Black, White malva; Cereals—Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye; and other suitable winter crops, if adaptable to local conditions: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land or interplanted in orchards and vineyards between September 1, 1935, and April 30, 1936, and (1) turned under before reaching maturity with a minimum of 90 days' unpastured growth, except that cereals shall be turned under during or prior to the blooming stage, or (2): if pastured and turned under, shall have attained at least 60 days' growth before pasturing and 30 days' growth after pasturing before turned under, or (3) if interplanted in orchards, except cereals, may be allowed to mature provided the vegetation is not removed from the land where grown, either mechanically or by pasture.

(2) Summer Crops, including Soy beans, Cow peas, Dolichos, Blackeyes, Hopi limas, Pink beans, Guar, Peanuts (Spanish), Annual Lespedeza, Cereals, and other suitable summer crops, if adaptable to local conditions: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land or interplanted in orchards and vineyards between March 1, 1936, and August 31, 1936, and (1) turned under before maturity and before December 31, 1936, with a minimum of 60 days' unpastured growth, or (2) clipped providing the clippings are not raked or removed from the land where grown, either mechanically or by pasture, or (3) if crops-other than cereals, partially pastured and turned under, provided, such pasturing has been approved by the County Committee, the plants are in bloom before pasturage is started, not more than half of the total growth is removed by pasturing and the balance is turned under before reaching maturity.

(c) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between

(c) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936.

(d) Terracing: \$2.00, when, after approval by, the State Committee of proposed plans submitted by the operator, terracing operations are carried out on *crop land* in 1936 in accordance with in-

(e) Gully control: \$5,00, when, after approval by the State Committee of proposed plans submitted by the operator, gully control practices are carried out on crop land or non-crop pasture land in 1936 in accordance with instructions issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(f) Protected summer fallow

(1) Contour Cultivation, embodying cultivation with lister or other suitable implement with furrows following contour levels: \$1.00, when carried out on non-irrigated crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division, provided that no soil depleting crop is grown on the acreage in 1938

(2) Approved Fallow, embodying seasonal cultivation without previous destruction of organic matter, and subsequent cultivation to prevent vegetative growth: \$0.50, when carried out in 1936 on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division, provided that no soil depleting crop is grown on the acreage in 1936.

(g) Perennial weed control: 2

(1) Chemical Treatment: \$10.00, when, after obtaining the approval—of—the County—Committee,—seriously—injested—plots are controlled by the application of chemicals—in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(2)—Periodio—Cultivation: \$5.00, when, after obtaining the ap-

proval of the County Committee, seriously injested plots are controlled by periodic cultivation in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage in 1936, except that payments for practices listed under Subsection (a) will be made in addition to payments for practices listed under Subsections (d) and (e) No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods and irrigation practices generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respectito any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay. Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 10(a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion: crop harvested for grain or hay Provided however That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

SECTION 3. Soil-Building Practices Which May be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.-Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of Section 2, Part IV of Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

(a) Terracing when practiced on crop land in 1936 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (d) above.

(b) Gully control when practiced on crop land in 1936 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (e) above.

(c). Cultivated summer fallow, excluding clean cultivated orchards or vineyards, when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (f) above.

(d) Perennial weed control practices when carried out on crop land in 1936 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (g) above.

Section 4. Supplemental Soil Depleting Crops.—Crop land devoted to any of the following crops shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil depleting crop within the meaning of Section 1, Part IV of Bulletin No. 1, Revised:

(a) Root crops, including mangels, rutabagas, carrots, and turnips.

¹ Provided, That with respect to the seeding of grasses or legumes previous to January 1, 1936, a good stand of such grasses or legumes at the time of farm inspection shall constitute proof of performance formance.

² Payment for the adoption of perennial weed control practices shall be limited to control of the following noxious weeds: Alkali mallow (Sida hederacea), Austrian field cress (Rorpa austriaca), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense), Hoary cress (Lepidium draba), Klamath weed (Hypericum perforatum), Morning glory (Convolvulus arvenses), Nut grass (Cyperus rotundus), and Russian knapweed (Centaurea repens).

(b) Flowers and their seeds.
(c) Nursery stock.

(d) Medicinal plants.(e) Volunteer grains cut for hay.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG. Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1274—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:54 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Colorado-1, Revised

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Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2—COLORADO—1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices—Colorado

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Colorado, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Colorado-1 is hereby revised and superseded as follows:

SECTION 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of Colorado, as follows:

Practices Rate of payment per acre-Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Perennial Legumes, including alfalfa and white clover: \$3.00; (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(2) Biennial legumes, including red, alsike, and mammoth clovers: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on trigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-trigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(3) Biennial sweet clover: \$1.50, (a) when seeded on trigated

(3) Biennial sweet clover: \$1.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown

[4] Annual legumes, including annual varieties of sweet, bur, and crimson clover: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on *trrigated* crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-trrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936.

- (5) Perennial grasses: \$3.00, (a) when seeded alone or in grass mixtures on irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded alone or in grass mixtures on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in
- (6) Legume and Perennial grass mixtures: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and grown in 1936,

(b) The use of green manure crops:

- (1) Perennial and biennial legumes: \$2.50, (a) when full growth ready for cutting is turned under on irrigated crop land between March 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936; \$1.50, (b) when full growth ready for cutting is turned under on non-irrigated crop land between March 1, 1936, and September 30,
- (2) Annual legumes: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between
- March 1, 1936, and June 30, 1936, and plowed under after attaining at least two months' growth.

 (3) Winter cover crops including small grains: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between September 1, 1935, and December 1, 1935, and plowed under in the spring of 1936.

- (4) Summer cover crops: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between March 1, 1936, and July 31, 1936, and plowed under after attaining at least two months' growth.
- attaining at least two months' growth.

 (c) Establishment of Strip Cropping and Fallowing on Crop Land: \$1.00, alternating strips of crops and fallow not less than 1 rod wide and not more than 20 rods wide, and in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division. Payment shall be made only on the acreage fallowed, and only on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount used in 1935 for the same purpose.

 (d) Maintenance of Fall or Winter Listing on Crop Land: \$0.50, on crop land handled in 1936 in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

 (e) Planting of Forest Trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936.

 (f) Establishment of Terraces: \$2.00, on crop land between August 1, 1935, and July 31, 1935.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments will be made for the practices described in subsection (a) in addition to the practice described in subsection (f).

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and approval by the Director of the Western Division.

Section 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided, however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices which may be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.—For the counties of Logan, Sedgwick, Phillips, Washington, Yuma, Lincoln, Kit Carson, Cheyenne, Crowley, Klowa, Otera, Bent, Prowers, Las Animas, Baca, Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Douglas, Elbert, El Paso, Huerfano, Jefferson, Larimer, Morgan, Pueblo, Weld, and such other counties or parts of counties as may be recommended by the State Committee and approved by the Director of the Western Division, crop land on which the following soil-building practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops:

(a) Controlled summer fallowing when practiced in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(b) The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under the provisions of Section 1 (C) above.

(c) Fall or winter listing when maintained and practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (D) above.-

(d) Contour listing of crop land in the process of natural resceding to native pasture when sufficient natural cover is maintained to insure protection against wind erosion, provided, however, that such land is not grazed in any manner whatsoever.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture. WR-B-2-Idaho-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-IDAHO-1, REVISED

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented and revised in part with respect to its application to the State of Idaho, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Idaho-1, is hereby revised and superseded as follows:

SECTION 1. Soil Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil building practices in the State of Idaho, or in such counties thereof as are specified below,1 1.120 as follows: . ' 28

Practices—Rate of Payment per Acre—Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of: The first of

(1) Perennial grasses or pasture mixtures of grasses and legumes: \$3.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

grown in 1936.

(2) Winter wheat or winter rye: \$1.00, when seeded in the spring of 1936 and grown in 1936 on non-trrigated crop land and utilized only as a cover crop.

(3) All legumes classified as soil conserving in WR—B-1 Revised, except alialia and red clover: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936, \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-trrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(4) Alialia or red clover: \$3.00, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(5) Green manure crops; \$2.00, when seeded on crop land between the fall of 1935 and July 31, 1936, and grown and turned under as green manure prior to October 31, 1936, after attaining at least two months' growth with no utilization for grain, hay,

at least two months' growth with no utilization for grain, hay, seed, or canning purposes, provided, that in areas designated by the Director of the Western Division such manuring crop seeded the Director of the Western Division such manuring crop seeded in the fall of 1935 or spring of 1936 may be clipped after attaining at least two months growth, and allowed to lie on the surface of the ground with no utilization as hay, grain, seed, or pasture preparatory to turning under said manuring crop in the succeeding crop year.

(6) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between September 1, 1935, and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in

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(b) Cultural practices:

b) Cultural practices:

(1) Perennial noxious weed control: 1.20

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e an (a) Chemical treatment: \$10.00, when a seriously infested plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of the application of chemicals, in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(b) Periodic cultivation: \$5.00, when a seriously infested plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of periodic cultivation, in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

- (2) Controlled summer fallowing in the summer fallow counties of Idaho:8
- (a) Trashy fallowing: \$.50, straw spread and neither pastured nor burned. Disk type plow, chisel, rod weeder, double disk discounted.

¹Unless otherwise specified, the practices, rates of payment and conditions are applicable to the entire State. If a particular area of the State is specified for any practice, payment will be made for such practice only in the area of the State so specified.
²Perennial noxious weeds shall include: Morning glory or bindweed, white top or hoary cress, Siberian mustard, Russian knapweed, leafy spurge, Perennial sow thistie, Canada thistie, perennial ground cherry, blue flowering lettuce, poverty weed, and wild snap dragon.
²As used in this bulletin "summer follow counties of Idaho"

As used in this bulletin, "summer fallow counties of Idaho" means the territory included within the counties of Idaho" means the territory included within the counties of Boundary, Kootenal, Benewah, Shoshone, Latah, Clearwater, Nez Perce, Lewis, Idaho, Adams, Valley, Washington, Gem, Boise, Canyon, Ada, Elmore, Camas, Jefferson, Fremont, Madison, Teton, Bonneville, Bingham, Power, Bannock, Caribou, Twin Falls, Cassia, Oneida, Franklin, and Bear Lake.

Property of the San

drill, or other such tillage implements used in place of a moldboard plow so as to leave the dead stubble and plant growth

distributed on or near the surface to check blowing.
(b) Strip fallowing: \$.50, when fallow is plowed or otherwise cultivated in strips or fields not more than 20 rods in width, cultivated in strips of fields not more than 20 fods in which, preferably at right angles to the prevailing wind, and with intervening strips of small grain stubble or crops in 1936 of approximately equal width. Payment shall be made only on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount of land used in 1935 for this purpose.

(c) Contour strip fallowing: \$.75, when performed in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

Division.

- (3) Disking in of alfalfa on irrigated land: \$6.00, alfalfa allowed to mature in 1936 and then disked in with no hay or seed crop harvested therefrom in 1936.
- harvested therefrom in 1936.

 (4) Seeding legumes or grass crops on land in the summer fallow counties of Idaho that has been trashy fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936: Trashy fallowing in the spring and summer of 1936 followed by seeding of legumes or grass crops prior to October 31, 1936. In such fallowing, straw is spread, neither pastured nor burned, and a disk type plow, chisel, rod weeder, double disk drill, or other such tillage implements are used in place of a moldboard plow so as to leave the dead stubble and plant growth distributed on or near the surface to check blowing. The seeding of legumes or grass crops subsequent to such fallowing will qualify for payment only under the provisions of fallowing will qualify for payment only under the provisions of this subsection (b) (4).

(c) Application of soil amendments:

(1) Gypsum, in all counties except Southern Idaho. \$2.00, when applied to the crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 1, 1936, inclusive, in an amount not less than 200 pounds per acre and in connection with new seedings of alfalfa. This practice will qualify for payment in addition to any payment for the seeding of alfalfa.

Except as specified above, payments will not be made for more than one soil building practice carried out on the same

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western Division.

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay,—Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay; Provided, however, That such acreage shall not, by reason of this provision, be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

SECTION 3. Summer Fallow: Additional Soil Depleting Crops.—Crop land devoted to summer fallow or to any of the following crops which are in addition to the crops listed in Section 1, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil depleting crop:

- (a) Root crops, including mangels, rutabagas, turnips, and carrots:
- (b) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits, or nut trees, when clean cultivated or when a soil depleting crop is grown between the rows.

SECTION 4. Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land devoted to any of the following crops shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning

As used herein, "Southern Idaho" means the territory included within the counties of Nez Perce, Adams, Washington, Payette, Gem, Canyon, Owyhee, Ada, Boise, Valley, Elmore, Lemhi, Custar, Blaine, Camas, Gooding, Lincoln, Jerome, Twin Falls, Minidoka, Cassla, Oneida, Power, Butte, Clark, Jefferson, Fremont, Madison, Toton, Bonneville, Bingham, Bannock, Caribou, Bear Lake, and Franklin.

and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised:

- (a) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits, or nut trees when interplanted with soil conserving crops. Only the land occupied by the interplanted soil conserving crop shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop;
- (b) Winter wheat or rye seeded in the spring of 1936 and utilized only as a cover crop.

SECTION 5. Soil Building Practices Which May Be Substituted for Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning of Section 2, Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

- (a) Perennial noxious weed control when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (1) above;
- (b) Disking in of alfalfa when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (3) above;
- (c) Seeding of legumes or grass crops on land in the summer fallow counties of Idaho that has been trashy fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936, when such seeding and fallowing are practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (4) above.

Section 6. Minimum Acreage of Soil Conserving Crops for Summer Fallow Counties of Idaho.-With respect only to the summer fallow counties of Idaho, the minimum acreage of soil conserving crops specified in Section 7 (a), Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby reduced to a minimum acreage equal to at least 71/2 percent of the general soil depleting base.

Section 7. Controlled Summer Fallow Included in Computing Soil Building Allowance.-The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under provisions of Section 1 (b) (2) above shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1. Revised, for the purpose of computing the soil building allowance for a farm, but such acreage of fallow shall not be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any other purpose.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG. Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R.Doc. 1276—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:55 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Kansas-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-KANSAS-1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices—Kansas

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Kansas, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Kansas-1 is hereby revised and superseded

Section 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of Kansas as follows:

Practices-Rate of Payment per Acre-Conditions

- (a) Seeding and growing of:
- (1) Perennial legumes, including alfalfa, sericea, and white clover: £2.00, when eccded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
 (2) Blennial legumes, including red, alsike, and mammoth clovers: £1.50, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
 (3) Blennial succet clover: £1.00 when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

- between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
- (4) Annual legumes, including annual varieties of sweet clover, vetch, bur, and crimcon clover but excluding soybeans, field beans, covpeas, seed peas, and canning peas: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 20, 1

tember 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
(5) Lespedeza: 81.00, when ceeded on crop land between Janu-

- ary 1, 1936, and August 31, 1936.
 (6) Perennial grasses: \$2.00, when seeded alone or in grass mixtures on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September
- 30, 1930, and grown in 1930.
 (7) Legume and grass mixtures: \$2.00, when seeded on cropland between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
- (b) The use of green manure crops:
- (1) Soybeans, cowpeas, and field peas: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between March 1, 1936, and June 30, 1936, and plowed under after attaining at least two months' growth.

 (2) Winter cover crops, including small grains: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between September 1, 1935, and December 1, 1935, and played under in the prints of 1935.

(3) Summer Cover Grops: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between March 1, 1936, and July 31, 1936, and plowed under after attaining at least two months' growth.

(c) Establishment of Strip Cropping and Fallowing on Crop Land: \$1.00, alternating strips of fallow and crops not less than 1 rod wide and not to exceed 20 rods wide and in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division. Payment shall be made only on the acreage in fallow, and only on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which

- is in excess of any amount used in 1935 for the same purpose.

 (d) Planting of Forest Trees: 95.00, when planted on crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936.

 (e) Application of Ground Limestone: 82.50, applied on crop land between January 1, 1936, and July 31, 1936, at a rate not less than 2 tons per acre
- (f) Establishment of Terraces: \$2.09, on crop land between August 1, 1935, and July 31, 1936.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments will be made for the practices described in subsection (a) in addition to the practices described in subsections (e) and (f).

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed. or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and approval by the Director of the Western Division.

Section 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided, however, That such acreage shall not, by reason of this provision, be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices Which May be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.—For the counties of Greeley, Wichita, Scott, Lane, Ness, Hamilton, Kearny, Finney, Hodgeman, Stanton, Grant, Haskell, Gray, Ford, Morton, Stevens, Seward, Mead, Clark, Barber, Barton, Cheyenne, Clay, Cloud, Comanche, Decatur, Dickinson, Edwards, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Graham, Harper, Harvey, Jewell, Kingman, Kiowa, Lincoln, Logan, Marion, McPherson, Mitchell, Norton, Osborn, Ottawa, Pawnee, Phillips, Pratt, Rawlins, Republic,

Reno, Rice, Rooks, Rush, Russell, Saline, Sedgwick, Sheridan, Sherman, Smith, Stafford, Sumner, Thomas, Trego, Wallace, Washington, and such other counties or parts of counties as may be recommended by the State Committee and approved by the Director of the Western Division, crop land upon which the following soil-building practices are carried out shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops:

(a) Controlled summer fallowing when practiced in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(b) The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under the provisions of Section 1 (c) above.

(c) Contour listing of crop land in the process of natural reseeding to native pasture when sufficient natural cover is maintained to insure protection against wind erosion: Provided however, That such land is not grazed in any manner whatsoever.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day W. R. Gregg,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture. of July 1936.

[SEAL]

[F.R. Doc. 1277—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:56 a.m.]

WR—B-2—Montana—1, Revised Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2—MONTANA—1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices-Montana

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Montana, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2—Montana—I is hereby revised and super-seded as follows:

SECTION 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Pay-ment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of Montana, or in such counties thereof as are specified below as follows:

Practices—Rate of Payment per Acre—Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Alfalfa: \$3.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in

(2) Alfalfa: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(3) Sweet Clover, Red Clover, or Alsike: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(4) Perennial grasses and grass mixtures: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(5) Crested wheat Grass: \$3.00, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936. أراو فلاست

(b) Green manure crops;

(1) Annual legumes including soy beans, cowpeas, field beans, and field peas, or other summer cover crops: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land and turned under after having attained at least two months' growth.

months' growth.

(2) Winter cover crops, including small grains: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land and the growth turned under before June 15,

1936.

(c) Planting of forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between March 1, 1936, and August 31; 1936, inclusive, the first of the

1936, inclusive, according to specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(g) Protected summer fallow:

(1) Strip Fallowing: \$1.00 for fallow only, when carried out by means of strips of cultivated fallow land not exceeding 20 rods in width and protected by intervening strips of crop land in crop or stubble of not less than equal width and not more than twice the width of such strips of fallow; payment shall be made only on the acreage in fallow and only on an amount of fallow used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount used in 1935 for the same purpose.

(2) Approved summer fallowing in preparation for soil-con-

(2) Approved summer fallowing in preparation for soil-conserving crop: \$0.50, when cultivated in 1936 according to specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division as a preparation for the seeding or planting of a soil-conserving crop

the succeeding year.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments for the practices listed under subsection (a) will be made in addition to payments for the practices listed under subsections (d), (e), and (f).

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grasses will constitute proof of seeding: Provided however, That if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestation, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and approval of the Director of the Western Division.

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.-Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

SECTION 3. Summer Fallow-Additional Soil-Depleting Crops.—In the counties of Toole, Liberty, Hill, Phillips, Teton, and Cascade, crop land devoted to summer fallow, excluding clean cultivated orchards and vineyards, shall, for a particular farm, be regarded as used for the production of a soil-depleting crop within the meaning of Section 1, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, when a written request to this effect, signed by all persons entitled to share in payments made with respect to such farm under the 1936 Agricultural Conservation Program, has been filed with the County Committee.

SECTION 4. Soil-Building Practices which may be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops .-

(a) Acreage in fallow qualifying for payment under the provisions of Section 1 (g) (1) above shall be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops, except for those farms upon which summer fallow has been classified as soil-depleting in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 above.

(b) Acreage in fallow in accordance with the practices described in Section 1 (g) (2) above shall be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1 Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all the requirements of said bulletin with respect to soilconserving crops, except for those farms upon which summer fallow has been classified as soil-depleting in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 above.

-Section 5. Minimum Acreage of Soil-Conserving Crops for Farms on which the Acreage of Summer Fallow has been Classified as Soil-Depleting in Accordance with the Provisions of Section 3 above.—The minimum acreage of soil-conserying crops specified in Section 7 (a), Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby reduced to a minimum acreage equal to at least 10% of the general soil-depleting base for those farms on which summer fallow has been classified as soil-depleting in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 above.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R.Doc. 1278—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:56 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Nevada-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-NEVADA-1, REVISED

Soil Building Practices-Nevada

Pursuant to the authority yested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domcstic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Nevada, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Nevada-1 is hereby revised and superseded

Section 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil building practices in the State of Nevada, as follows:

Practices-Rate of Payment per Acre-Conditions

- (a) New seedings: 1
 - (1) Perennial Legumes:

 - (a) Irrigated: \$3.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

 (b) Non-irrigated: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 - (2) Biennial Legumes:
 - (a) Irrigated: \$2.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 (b) Non-irrigated: \$1.50, when seeded on non-irrigated crop
 - land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
- (3) Annual Legumes, except soybeans, cow peas, field peas, field beans, and vetch:
- (a) Irrigated: \$1.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 (b) Non-irrigated: \$1.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
- (4) Perennial Grasses:
- (a) Irrigated: \$4.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land be-
- tween September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

 (b) Non-irrigated: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
- (b) Green manure crops: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land or interplanted in orchards between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936, whether pastured or not, and turned under in the spring of 1936 after having attained a vigorous vegetative growth, if fall seeded, or after having attained a minimum of two months' unpastured growth at the time turned under, if not fall seeded.

 (c) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

- (d) Protected summer fallow:
- (1) Contour Cultivation, embodying construction of furrows following contour lines and clean cultivation of the intervening areas: 81:00, when carried out in 1936 on non-irrigated crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (2) Approved Fallow, embodying seasonal cultivation without previous destruction of organic matter, and subsequent cultivation to prevent vegetative growth: 80.50, when carried out in 1936 on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (e) Perennial weed eradication:2
- (1) Chemical Treatment: 610.00, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, carlously infested plats are controlled by the application of chemicals in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (2) Periodic Cultivation: 65.03, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, ceriously injested plots are controlled by periodic cultivation in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (1) Gully control: 85.89, when, after approval by the State Committee of proposed plans submitted by the operator, gully control practices are carried out on crop land or non-crop pasture land in 1936 in accordance with instructions issued by the Director of the Western Division.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage in 1936. No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

Section 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specifled in Section 1 above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That the acreage so seeded shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose whatscever.

Section 3. Soil Building Practices Substituted for Soil Conserving Crops.-Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Bulletin No. 1 Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

- (a) Protected summer fallow when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (d) above.
- (b) Perennial weed eradication practices when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (e) above.
- (c) Gully control when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (f) above.

In testimony whereof, W. G. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R. Doc. 1279-Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:56 a.m.]

WR—B-2—New Mexico—1, Reviced

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-NEW MEXICO-1, REVISED Soil-Building Practices—New Mexico

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and

¹With respect to the seeding of grasses or legumes previous to January 1, 1936, a good stand of such grasses or legumes at the time of farm inspection shall constitute proof of performance.

^{*}Payment for the adoption of perennial weed eradication practices chall be limited to control of the following noxious weeds: Puncture vine (Tribulus terrestris), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvence), White top (Lepidium draba), Russian knap weed (Centaurea repens), and Morning glory (Convolvulus arvensis).

Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of New Mexico, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-New Mexico-1, is hereby revised and supplemented as follows:

Section 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices, in the State of New Mexico, or in such counties thereof as are specified below, as follows:

Practices-Rate of Payment per Acre-Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Perennial legumes and perennial grasses including the legumes and grasses listed in Bulletin No. 1, Revised, as soil-conserving crops: \$4.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(2) Perennial legumes and perennial grasses including the legumes and grasses listed in Bulletin No. 1, Revised, as soliconserving crops: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and

grown in 1936.
(3) Biennial legumes and Annual legumes except soybeans,

(3) Biennial legumes and Annual legumes except soybeans, field beans, cowpeas, field peas, canning peas, and vetch: \$3.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(4) Biennial legumes and annual legumes except soybeans, field beans, cowpeas, field peas, canning peas, and vetch: \$1.50, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(5) Lespedeza: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive

ary 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive.

(b) The use of green manure crops:

(1) Biennial and perennial legumes: \$2.50, when a full growth cutting is turned under between March 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive.

(2) Winter cover crops small grains: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between September 1, 1935, and November 1, 1935, inclusive, and grown and turned under in the spring of 1936.

- (3) Summer cover crops: \$1.00, when cover crops which do not qualify for payment under subsection (A) above are seeded on crop land between March 1, 1936, and July 15, 1936, inclusive, and turned under after attaining at least two months' growth.
- (c) Contour strip planting and fallow: 1 \$1.00, when strips of sorghums or sudan grass are planted in 1936 with intervening strips of fallow and when such strip crops occupy one-third or more of the acreage so strip cropped and fallowed, and are left unharvested in 1936: Provided, That only the area planted to strip crops is to be used in computing acreage devoted to this practice.

 (d) Terracing: (d) Terracing:

(1) Establishment of Terraces: \$2.00, when effected between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(2) Establishment of Terraces and Terraces Planted and Left Unharvested: \$3.00, when effected between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments will be made for the practices described in subsection (a) in addition to the practices described in subsection (d) (1).

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infectations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted, upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western Division.

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed

above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided, however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices which may be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops:

(a) Establishment of terraces when effected in accordance

with the provisions of Section 1 (d) above.

- (b) In the counties of Union, Harding, Quay, Curry, Colfax, Mora, Santa Fe, San Miguel, Torrance, Guadulupe, De Baca, Roosevelt, Lincoln, Lea, and Bernalillo, and such other counties or parts of counties as may be recommended by the State Committee and approved by the Director of the Western Division, the following practices:
 - (1) Contour strip planting and fallow when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (c) above.
 - (2) Sudan grass or sorghums, when plowed under as green manure or left standing unharvested.
 - (3) Solid contour listing of crop land without cover crops, or with cover crops if unharvested.
 - (4) Border planting of fields where strips are 100 feet wide or more, if left unharvested: Provided however, That only the area so planted shall be considered in computing the acreage devoted to this practice.
 - (5) Contour strip planting of any crops when width of strips is not less than 15 feet nor the distance between strips more than 150 feet, and strip crops are not harvested: Provided however, That only the area planted to strip crops and left unharvested shall be considered in computing the acreage devoted to this practice.
 - (6) Summer fallow controlled by solid contour listing when effected in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
 - (7) Contour listing of crop land in the process of natural reseeding to native pasture when sufficient natural cover is maintained to insure protection against wind erosion: Provided however, That such land is not grazed in any manner whatsoever.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GRECO, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1280-Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:57 a.m.]

WR-B-2-North Dakota-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM-WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO 2-NORTH DAKOTA-1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices-North Dakota

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of North Dakota, but not otherwise, and

¹Applies only to the counties of Union, Harding, Quay, Curry, Colfax, Mora, Santa Fe, San Miguel, Torrance, Guadalupe, De Baca, Roosevelt, Lincoln, Lea, and Bernalillo, and such other counties as may be recommended by the State Committee and approved by the Director of the Western Division.

Western Region Bulletin No. 2-North Dakota-1 is hereby revised and superseded as follows:

SECTION 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of North Dakota, or in such counties thereof as are specified below as follows:

Practices—Rate of Payment per Acrc—Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

1) Alfalfa: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land between October

1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.
(2) Sweet Clover: \$1.00, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(3) Crested Wheat Grass: \$3.00, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(4) Brome grass, slender wheat grass, western wheat grass, and legumes or grass mixtures: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(5) Red clover when seeded in the counties of Pembina, Walsh, Grand Forks, Traill, Cass, and Richland: \$1.50, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(b) Planting and growing of forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(c) Protection of summer fallow:

(1) Strip cropping: \$1.00 for land in fallow, when fallow is plowed or cultivated in strips not more than 20 rods in width, preferably at right angles to the prevailing winds, and with intrevening strips of small grain stubble or crops in 1936 of not less than equal width and not more than twice the width of such strips of fallow, payment shall be made only on the acreage in fallow and only on an amount of fallow used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount of land used in 1935 for the same purpose

for the same purpose.

(2) Plowless fallowing: \$0.50, when plowless fallow is in preparation for the seeding of grasses or legumes or the planting of trees in the spring of 1937 and the surface of the soil is left ridged and rough at all times to check blowing, and the tilinge implements used in place of a moldboard plow leave the dead stubble and plant growth distributed on or near the surface. Tillage of protected summer fallow must begin not later than June 15, 1936, and must be frequent enough during the balance of the season to prevent weed growth and thus to concerve moisture.

- (d) Green Manure Crops:

(1) Field peas: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land and turned under after attaining at least two months' growth with no utilization for grain, hay, pasture, seed, or canning purposes.

(2) Soy beans: \$1.25, when seeded on crop land and turned under after attaining at least two months' growth with no utilization for grain, hay, seed, or pasture.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage. No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions, insect infestations, such a proof may be waived and other proofs accepted for designated counties upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided, however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices Which May Be Substituted For Soil-Conserving Crops .- The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment in connection with the practices described in Section 1 (c) above shall be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provision of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day

of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1231—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:57 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Oregon-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936 .

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-OREGON-1, REVISED

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented and revised in part with respect to its application to the State of Oregon, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2—Oregon—1 is hereby revised and superseded, as follows:

Section 1. Soil Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil building practices in the State of Oregon, or in such counties thereof as are specified below,1 as follows:

Practices—Rate of Payment per Acre—Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Perennial grasses or pasture mixtures of grasses and legumes: C3.50, (a) when coeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when coeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(2) Winter wheat or winter rys: 01.00, when seeded in the spring of 1936 and grown in 1936 on crop land and utilized only

as a cover crop.

(3) Cloter, unless otherwise specified: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; 31.50, (b) when seeded on non-rigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive and provided the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, and October 31

irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1935; 32.00, (c) when seeded with rape between March 1, 1936, and July 1, 1936, includive.

(4) Alfalfa or red clover in Western Oregon: \$3.00, (a) when ceeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1636, includive, and grown in 1936.

(5) Ladino clover in Western Oregon: \$4.00, when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1936.

(6) Alfalfa or sweet clover in Eastern Oregon: \$1.00, (a) when planted on crop land in rows between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when colid planted on crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when colid planted on crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, includive, and grown in 1936, and entire plant plowed under as green manure.

'Unless otherwise specified, the practices, rates of payment, and conditions are applicable to the entire State. If a particular area of the State is specified for any practice, payment will be made for such practice only in the area of the State so specified. As used herein, "Eastern Oregon" means the territory included within the counties of Wacco, Jefferson, Sherman, Gilliam, Morrow, Umatilia, Wheeler, Union, Wallowa, Baker, Malheur, Grant, Crook, Deschutes, Klamath, Lake, Harney, and Hood River. As used herein, "Western Oregen" means the territory included within the counties of Clateop, Columbia, Tillamcok, Washington, Multnomah, Yamhill, Folk, Clackamas, Lincoln, Benton, Marion, Linn, Coos, Lane, Douglas, Curry, Jecephine, and Jackson.

(8) Green manure crops: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land between the fall of 1935 and July 31, 1936, and grown and turned under as green manure prior to October 31, 1936, after attaining at least two months' growth: Provided, That in the counties of Jefferson, Gilliam, Wasco, Sherman, Morrow, Umatilla, Union, and the non-irrigated portions of Lake, Deschutes, and Crook counties, such manuring crop seeded in the fall of 1935 or spring of 1936 may be clipped after attaining at least 1935 or spring of 1936 may be clipped after attaining at least two months' growth, and allowed to lie on the surface of the ground with no utilization as hay, grain, seed, or pasture preparatory to turning under said manuring crop in the succeeding crop year.

(9) Forest trees in Eastern Oregon: \$5.00, when planted on op land between September 1, 1935, and October 31, 1936,

inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(b) Cultural practices:

(1) Perennial noxious weed 2 control:

(a) Chemical treatment: \$10.00, when a seriously infested plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of the application of chemicals in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

the Director of the western Division.

(b) Periodic cultivation: \$5.00, when a seriously injested plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of periodic cultivation, in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of

the Western Division.

(2) Controlled summer fallowing in Eastern Oregon:

(a) Trashy fallowing: \$.50, straw spread and neither pastured nor burned. Disk type plow, chisel, rod weeder, double disk ard drill, or other such tillage implements used in place of a mold-

drill, or other such tillage implements used in place of a moldboard plow so as to leave the dead stubble and plant growth
distributed on or near the surface to check blowing.

(b) Strip fallowing: \$0.50, when fallow is plowed or otherwise cultivated in strips or fields not more than 20 rods in
width, preferably at right angles to the prevailing wind, and
with intervening strips of small grain stubble or crops in 1936
of approximately equal width. Payment shall be made only
on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which is
in excess of any amount of land used in 1935 for this practice.

(c) Contour strip fallowing: \$0.75, when performed in accordance with specifications of the State Committee approved
by the Director of the Western Division.

(3) Disking in of alfalfa on irrigated land in Eastern Oregon: \$6.00, alfalfa allowed to mature in 1936 and then disked in with

58.00, alialia allowed to mature in 1936 and then disked in with no hay or seed crop harvested therefrom in 1936.

(4) Seeding legumes or grass crops on dry land areas in Eastern Oregon that have been trashy fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936: \$2.50, this practice is a combination of the practices specified in subsections (a) (1) and (b) (2) (a) above, and may qualify for payment only under the provisions of this subsection (b) (4).

(c) Application of soil amendments:

(1) Lime in Western Oregon: \$2.50, when applied to crop land, previous to seeding legumes, between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, in an amount not less than one ton of ground limestone of its equivalent per acre. This practice will qualify for payment in addition to any payment for the seeding of a legume.

Except as specified above, payments will not be made for more than one soil building practice carried out on the same acreage.

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western Division.

Section 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes

at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

SECTION 3. Summer Fallow: Additional Soil Depleting Crops.—Crop land devoted to summer fallow or to any of the following crops which are in addition to the crops listed in Section 1, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil depleting crop:

(a) Nursery stock,

(b) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits, or nut trees, when clean cultivated, or when a soil depleting crop is grown between the rows.

(c) Peppermint.

(d) Italian ryegrass.

Section 4. Soil Conserving Crops,—Crop land devoted to any of the following crops shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised:

(a) Bent grass, tall oat grass.

(b) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits, or nut trees when interplanted with soil conserving crops. Only the land occupied by the interplanted soil conserving crop shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop.

(c) Winter wheat or rye seeded in the spring of 1936 and utilized only as a cover crop.

(d) Cultivated fescues.

SECTION 5. Soil Building Practices which May be Substituted for Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning of, and subject to, the provisions of Section 2, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

(a) Perennial noxious weed control when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (1) above; (b) Disking in of alfalfa when practiced in accordance

with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (3) above;

(c) Seeding of legumes or grass crops on dry land areas of Eastern Oregon that have been trashy fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936 when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (4) above.

(d) In the counties of Morrow, Sherman, Gilliam, and Jefferson, land in the process of natural reseeding to downy brome grass (cheat) or other native pasture, when sufficient natural cover or a light stand of a small-grain nurse crop is maintained for the purpose of insuring protection against wind erosion: Provided, however, That any such nurse crop or any volunteer growth of noxious weeds is clipped before going to seed: And provided further, That such land is not used for grazing.

SECTION 6. Minimum Acreage of Soil Conserving Crops for Eastern Oregon.—With respect to Eastern Oregon only, the minimum acreage of soil conserving crops specified in Section 7 (a), Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1. Revised, is hereby reduced to a minimum acreage equal to at least 7½ percent of the general soil depleting base.

SECTION 7. Controlled Summer Fallow Included in Computing Soil Building Allowance.—The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under the provisions of Section 1 (b) (2) above shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of computing the soil building allowance, but such acreage of fallow shall not be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any other purpose.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the

²Perennial noxious weeds shall include: Morning glory or bindweed, white top or hoary cress, Siberian mustard, Russian krapweed, leafy spurge, perennial sow thistle, Canada thistle, perennial ground cherry, blue flowering lettuce, poverty weed, and wild snap

official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

2.

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R.Doc. 1282—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:58 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Utah-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-UTAH-1, REVISED

Soil Building Practices—Utah

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Utah, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2—Utah—1 is hereby revised and superseded as follows:

Section 1. Soil Building Practices and Rates of Payment. In accordance with the provisions of Section 1. Part II. of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payment will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil building practices in the State of Utah, as follows:

Practices-Rate of Payment Per Acre-Conditions

(a) New seedings:1

(1) Perennial Legumes:

(a) Irrigated: \$3.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
(b) Non-irrigated: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

(2) Biennial Legumes:

(a) Irrigated: \$2.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
(b) Non-irrigated: \$1.50, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

- (3) Annual Legumes, except soybeans, cow peas, field beans, field peas, and vetch:
 - (a) Irrigated: \$1.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 (b) Non-irrigated: \$1.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.

 - (4) Perennial Grasses:
- (a) Irrigated: \$3.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 (b) Non-irrigated: \$2.00, when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
- (b) Green manure crops: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land or interplanted in orchards and vineyards between September 10, 1935, and September 15, 1936, whether pastured or not, and turned under in the spring of 1936 after having attained a vigorous vegetative growth, if fall seeded, or after having attained a minimum of two months' unpastured growth at the time turned under, if not fall seeded.
- (c) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on *crop land* between September 16, 1935, and September 15, 1936.
 (d) Terracing: \$2.00, when, after approval by the State Committee of proposed plans submitted by the operator, terracing operations are carried out on *crop land* in 1936 in accordance with instructions issued by the Director of the Western Division.
- (e) Gully control: \$5.00, when, after approval by the State Committee of proposed plans submitted by the operator, gully control practices are carried out on *crop land or non-crop pasture land* in 1936 in accordance with instructions issued by the Director of the Western Division.
 - (f) Protected summer fallow:
 - (1) Contour Cultivation, embodying cultivation of the entire area devoted to this practice with lister or other suitable implement across the face of the slope of the land: \$1.00, when carried out on nonirrigated crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.
 - (2) Approved Fallow, embodying seasonal cultivation without previous destruction of organic matter, and subsequent cultiva-

tion to prevent vegetative growth: \$0.50, when carried out in 1936 on crop land in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(g) Perennial weed cradication:2

(1) Chemical Veta transation:

(1) Chemical Treatment: \$10.00, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, seriously infested plots are controlled by the application of chemicals in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(2) Periodic Cultivation: \$5.00, when, after obtaining the approval of the County Committee, seriously infested plots are controlled by periodic cultivation in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage in 1936, except that payments for practices listed under Subsection (a) will be made in addition to payments for practices listed under Subsections (d) and (e). No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods and irrigation practices generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, sead, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal

Section 2. Seeding of Grasces or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That the acreage so seeded shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose.

Section 3. Soil Building Practices Substituted for Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

(a) Terracing when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (d) above.

(b) Gully control when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (e) above.

(c) Protected summer fallow when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (f) above: Provided, That the acreage of such fallow shall not be classified as soil conserving for the purpose of determining Class I payment's unless an amount of such fallow equal to not less than 71/2 percent of the general soil depleting base is seeded to perennial grasses or legumes before November 1, 1936.

(d) Perennial weed eradication practices when carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (g) above.

Section 4. Supplemental Soil Depleting Crops.—Crop land devoted to any of the following crops or practices shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil depleting crop within the meaning of Section 1, Part IV, of Bulletin No. 1, Revised, notwithstanding the provisions of any other section of said bulletin.

(a) Root crops, including mangels, rutabagas, and turnips. (b) Summer fallow, excluding clean cultivated orchards and vineyards, except when classified in 1936 in accordance

with the provisions of Section 3 (c) above.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Sceretary of Agriculture.

[F.R. Dec. 1233—Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:53 a.m.]

¹With respect to the seeding of grasses or legumes previous to January 1, 1936, a good stand of such grasses or legumes at the time of farm inspection shall constitute proof of performance.

²Payment for the adoption of weed eradication practices shall be limited to control of the following noxious weeds: White top (Lepidium draba), Wild morning glory (Convolvulus arvensis), Canada thistic (Circium arvense), Russian imap weed (Centaurea repens), and Perennial cow thistic (Sonchus arvensis).

WR-B-2-Washington-1: Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-WASHINGTON-1, REVISED

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented and revised in part with respect to its application to the State of Washington, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Washington-1 is hereby revised and superseded, as follows:

Section 1. Soil Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil building practices in the State of Washington, or in such parts thereof as are specified below, as follows:

Practices-Rate of Payment per Acre-Conditions

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Perennial grasses or pasture mixtures of grasses and legumes: \$3.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936

(2) Winter wheat or winter rye: \$1.00, when seeded in the spring of 1936 and grown in 1936 on non-irrigated crop land and utilized only as a cover crop.

Unless otherwise specified, the practices, rates of payment, and conditions are applicable to the entire State. If a particular area of the State is specified for any practice, payment will be made for such practice only in the area of the State so specified. As used herein, "dry land areas of Washington" means the area in the State of Washington which has less than 15 inches average annual precipitation, and consists of the territory included within the counties of Benton, Grant, Douglas, Franklin, Adams, and Yakima, and the territory included within the following precincts of the following counties:

Okanogan Gounty: Mazama Winthron Nighthawk, Ellemahan.

Okanogan County: Mazama, Winthrop, Nighthawk, Ellemahan, Oroville-1, Oroville-2, Chesaw, Bodle, Wauconda, Tonasket-1, Tonasket-2, Loomis, Beeman, Tuna Creek, Aeneas, San Poll, Disautel, Nespelem, Dudley Lake, Okanogan-1, Okanogan-2, Cameron, Omak-1, Omak-2, Omak-3, Omak-4, Monse-1, Monse-2, Boston, Malott-1, Malott-2, Pleasant Valley, Spring Coulee, Pine Creek, Conconully, Twisp-1, Twisp-2, Carlton, Methow, Pateros, Brewster,

Huntley.

Chelan County: Azwell, Wapato, Boyd, Manson, Lakeside, First Creek, Chelan Station, Chelan, Chelan Falls, Winsap, McKenzie, Entiat, Monitor, Sunnyslope, Suburban, Wenatchee, Warner, Lincoln, Apple Yard, Stemilt, Clockum, Malagá, Lewis and Clark, Valley, Canyon, Millerdale.

Valley, Canyon, Millerdale.

Kittitas County: Colockum, E. Kittitas, N. Kittitas, S, Kittitas, N. Ellensburg, S. Ellensburg, Ellensburg, Liberty, Upper Teanaway, Roslyn, Swauk, Teanaway, Cle Elum, W. Kittitas, Ridgeway, Manastash, Sanders, Wymer, Kittitas, Columbia River, Peoh Point Kitckitat County: Part of T6 Rs. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, Woodland, Spring Creek, Centerville, Wishram, Columbus, Goldendale, Pleasant, Cliffs, Sand Springs, Cleveland, Alder Creek, Spring Canyon, Dead Canyon, Alderdale, Roosevelt, Hardison, Shepard,

Ferry County: Toroda, Danville, Curlew, Malo, W. Republic, E. Republic, San Poil, West Fork, Keller, Hazelmere, Corvada.

Stevens County: Harvey Cr., Hunters, Spring Valley, Unorganized

Territory, Wellpinit.

Spokane County: Espanola, Tyler, Graves, West Spokane, Spence, Stevens, Deep Creek, Coulee, Four Lakes, Marshall, Nine Mile, Rock Lake.

Lincoln County: Grand Coulee, Columbia, Condon, Sherman, Creston, Peach, Egypt, Lincoln, Miles, Spokane Valley, Indian Cr., Mondovi, Rearden, Larene, Victory, North Davenport, East Davenport, West Davenport, Rocklyn, Telford, North Wilbur, South Wilbur, Govan, Almire, Finn, Wilson Creek, Mountain View, Cottage School, Earl, Enos, Irby, West Odessa, Layton, Yarwood, East Odessa, Lamona, W. Harrington, E. Harrington, Moscow, Edwall, Waukon, N. Sprague, S. Sprague, Sedalla, Crab Creek, Mohler, Downs.

Whitman County: Rock Cr., Lamont, Union, Ewan, Winona, Lacrosse, Hooper, Pampa, Texas, Hay, Penawawa, Leroy, Almota,

Endicott.

Asotin County: Alpowa, Clarkston Heights, S. Clarkston, W. Highland, Highland, Clarkston, W. Clarkston, Pleasant, Cloverland, Asotin, West Asotin, Theon, Grand Ronde.

Garfield County: Tucannon, Ping, Mayview, Pleasant.

Columbia County: Lost Springs, Alto, Railroad, Smith Hollow, Tucanon, Starbuck, Starbuck County, Ping.

Walla Walla County: Clyde, Burbank, Attalia, Wallula, Gardena, Hill, Eureka, Frenchtown, Bradden, Garrison, E. College Place, W. College Place, Ritz, Bialock, Walla Walla City, Gose, Baker, Hadley, Prescott, Lincoln, Lower Dry Creek.

(3) All legumes classified as soil conserving in WR—B—1, Revised, except alfalfa and red clover: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

(4) Alfalfa or red clover: \$3.00, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936; \$2.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between the fall of 1935 and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown in 1936.

grown in 1936.

(5) Green manure crops: \$2.00, when seeded on crop land between the fall of 1935 and July 31, 1936, and grown and turned under as green manure prior to October 31, 1936, after attaining at least two months! growth with no utilization for grain, hay, seed, or canning purposes: Provided, That in areas designated by the Director of the Western Division such manuring crop seeded in the fall of 1936 or spring of 1936 may be clipped after attaining at least two months! growth and allowed to lie after attaining at least two months' growth, and allowed to lie on the surface of the ground with no utilization as hay, grain, seed, or pasture preparatory to turning under said manuring

crop in the succeeding crop year.

(6) Forest trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between September 1, 1935, and October 31, 1936, inclusive, and grown

in 1936.

(b) Cultural practices:

(1) Perennial notious weed 2 control:

(a) Chemical treatment: \$10.00 when a seriously injected plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of the application of chemicals, in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(b) Periodic cultivation: \$5.00, when a seriously injected plot of crop land, the location of which is previously filed with the County Committee, is controlled by means of periodic cultivation, in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(2) Controlled summer fallowing in the summer fallow counties of Washington;

(a) Trashy fallowing: \$0.50, straw spread and neither pastured nor burned. Disk type plow, chisel, rod weeder, double disk drill, or other such tiliage implements used in place of a moldboard plow so as to leave the dead stubble and plant growth distributed on or near the surface to check blowing.

(b) Strip fallowing: \$0.50, when fallow is plowed or otherwise cultivated in strips or fields not more than 20 rods in width, preferably at right angles to the prevailing wind, and with intervening strips of small grain stubble or crops in 1930 of approximately equal width. Payment shall be made only on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount of land used in 1935 for this purpose.

(c) Contour strip fallowing: \$0.75, when performed in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

ern Division.

(3) Disking in of alialia on irrigated land: \$6.00, alialia allowed to mature in 1936 and then disked in with no hay or seed crop harvested therefrom in 1936.

crop harvested therefrom in 1936.

(4) Seeding legumes or grass crops on land in the summer fallow counties of Washington that has been trashy, fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936: \$2.50, trashy fallowing in the spring and summer of 1936 followed by seeding of legumes or grass crops prior to October 31, 1936. In such fallowing, straw is spread, neither pastured nor burned, and a disk type plow, chisel, rod weeder, double disk drill, or other such tillage implements are used in place of a moldboard plow so as to leave the dead stubble and plant growth distributed on or near the surface to check blowing. The seeding of legumes of grass crops subsequent to such fallowing will qualify for payment only under the provisions of this subsection (b) (4).

Except as specified above, payments will not be made for more than one soil building practice carried out on the same

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor. seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

²Perennial noxious weeds shall include: Morning glory or bindweed, white top or hoary cress, Siberian mustard, Russian knap-weed, leafy spurge, perennial sow thistle, Canada thistle, perennial ground cherry, blue flowering lettuce, poverty weed, and wild snap dragon.

2As used herein, "summer fallow counties of Washington" means.

the territory included within the counties of Adams, Asotin, Benton, Chelan, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grant, Island, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pend Orellie, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman, and Yakima.

proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and the approval of the Director of the Western Division.

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hay: Provided however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

SECTION 3. Summer Fallow: Additional Soil Depleting Crops.—Crop land devoted to summer fallow or to any of the following crops which are in addition to the crops listed in Section 1, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil depleting crop:

- (a) Peppermint.
- (b) Root crops including mangels, rutabagas, carrots, and turnips.
- (c) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits, or nut trees, when clean cultivated, or when a soil depleting crop is grown between the rows.
- SECTION 4. Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land devoted to any of the following crops shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised:
- (a) Land devoted to orchards, vineyards, tree fruits, cane fruits or nut trees when interplanted with soil conserving crops. Only the land occupied by the interplanted soil conserving crop shall be regarded as used for the production of a soil conserving crop.
- (b) Winter wheat or rye seeded in the spring of 1936 and utilized only as a cover crop.

SECTION 5. Soil Building Practices Which May be Substituted for Soil Conserving Crops.—Crop land upon which the following soil building practices are carried out shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil conserving crops:

- (a) Perennial noxious weed control when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (1) above:
- (b) Disking in of alfalfa when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (3) above;
- (c) Seeding of legumes or grass crops on land in the summer fallow counties of Washington that has been trashy fallowed in the spring and summer of 1936 when practiced in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 (b) (4) above;
- (d) In the dry land areas of Washington, land in the process of natural reseeding to downy brome grass (cheat) or other native pasture, when sufficient natural cover or a light stand of a small-grain nurse crop is maintained for the purpose of insuring protection against wind erosion: Provided however, That any such nurse crop or any volunteer growth of noxious weeds is clipped before going to seed: And provided further, That such land is not used for grazing.

SECTION 6. Minimum Acreage of Soil Conserving Crops for Summer Fallow Counties of Washington. - With respect to only the summer fallow counties of Washington, the minimum acreage of soil conserving crops specified in Section 7 (a), Part II of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby reduced to a minimum acreage equal to at least 71/2 per cent of the general soil depleting base.

Section 7. Controlled Summer Fallow Included in Computing Soil Building Allowance.-The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under provisions of Section 1 (B) (2) above

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute | shall be regarded as devoted to a soil conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of computing the soil building allowance for a farm but such acreage of fallow shall not be regarded as devoted. to a soil conserving crop for any other purpose.

In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F.R.Doc. 1234-Filed, July 15, 1936; 10:53 a.m.]

WR-B-2-Wyoming-1, Revised

Issued July 14, 1936

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM—WESTERN REGION

BULLETIN NO. 2-WYOMING-1, REVISED

Soil-Building Practices—Wyoming

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act. Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, is hereby supplemented with respect to its application to the State of Wyoming, but not otherwise, and Western Region Bulletin No. 2-Wyoming-1 is hereby revised and superseded as follows:

Section 1. Soil-Building Practices and Rates of Payment.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 1, Part II, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, and subject to the conditions of said bulletin, payments will be made for the carrying out in 1936 of soil-building practices in the State of Wyoming, as follows:

(a) Seeding and growing of:

(1) Alfalfa: 03.00, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land be-

(1) Alfalfa: 83.60, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and Soptember 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; 62.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and Soptember 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(2) Red, alsilie, and mammoth clovers: 92.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; 61.50, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(3) Bienniel succe clover: 81.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1930; 31.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1930; 61.00, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1930.

1936.
(2) Annual varieties of succt clover: 02.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936; 01.50, (b) when creded on non-irrigated crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936.
(5) Legume mixtures: 02.00, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; 81.00, (b) when reeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(6) Perennial grasses: \$3.00, (a) when seeded alone or in grass mixtures on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded

alone or in grann mixtures on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(7) Legume and perennial grass mixtures: \$2.50, (a) when seeded on irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (b) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936; \$1.50, (c) when seeded on non-irrigated crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and September 3

30, 1936, and grown in 1936.
(8) Crested wheat gracs: \$3.00, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935, and September 30, 1936, and grown in 1936.

(b) Use of Perennial and blennial legumes as Green Manus-Crops: 82.50, when seeded on irrigated crop land between Sep-tember 1, 1935, and August 31, 1936, and turned under after attaining at least two months' growth. (c) Establishment of Strip Cropping and Fallowing on Crop Land: 61.00, alternate strips of fallow and crops not less than 1 rod wide and not to exceed 20 rods wide, and in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division. Payment shall be made only on the acreage fallowed, and only on an amount of land used for this practice in 1936 which is in excess of any amount used in 1935 for the same purpose. (d) Maintenance of Fall or Winter Listing on Crop Land: 80.50, on crop land handled in 1936 in accordance with specifications

on crop land handled in 1936 in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

See footnote 3, page 830.

(e) Planting of Forest Trees: \$5.00, when planted on crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936.

(f) Establishment of Terraces: \$2.00, on crop land between January 1, 1936, and September 1, 1936.

Payments will not be made for more than one practice carried out on the same acreage except that payments will be made for the practices described in subsection (a) in addition to the practice described in subsection (f).

No payments will be made for any of the practices listed above unless good seed is used and the practices are carried out in a workmanlike manner in conformity with cultural methods generally recognized as desirable for the locality. No payments will be made with respect to any of the practices listed above in connection with which any labor, seed, or materials have been furnished free or paid for by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legumes or grass crops will constitute proof of seeding. However, if a good stand is not obtained because of unfavorable weather conditions or insect infestations, such proof may be waived and other proofs accepted upon recommendation of the State Committee and approval by the Director of the Western Division.

SECTION 2. Seeding of Grasses or Legumes with Nurse or Companion Crops Harvested for Grain or Hay.—Soil-building payments with respect to the seeding of grasses and legumes at such rates and under such conditions as are specified in Section 1 (a) above will be made if seeded with a nurse or companion crop harvested for grain or hav. Provided, however, That such acreage shall not by reason of this provision be regarded as devoted to a soil-conserving crop for any purpose whatsoever.

Section 3. Soil-Building Practices which may be Substituted for Soil-Conserving Crops.—For the counties of Laramie, Platt, Goshen, Niobrara, Converse, Natrona, and such other counties or parts of counties as may be recommended by the State Committee and approved by the Director of the Western Division, crop land on which the following soilbuilding practices are carried out in 1936 shall be regarded as land used for the production of a soil-conserving crop within the meaning of and subject to the provisions of Section 2, Part IV, of Western Region Bulletin No. 1, Revised, for the purpose of fulfilling all requirements of said bulletin with respect to soil-conserving crops:

(a) Controlled summer fallowing when practiced in accordance with specifications issued by the Director of the Western Division.

(b) The acreage of fallow qualifying for payment under the provisions of Section 1 (c) above.

(c) Fall or winter listing when maintained, and practiced

in accordance with the provisions of Section (1)(d) above. In testimony whereof, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto set his hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, this 14th day of July 1936.

[SEAL]

[S

Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

AMENDMENT TO ORDER OF DESIGNATION OF TOBACCO MARKETS

South Carolina.

The order signed by Acting Secretary Tugwell on July 1, 1936, designating Lake City, Darlington, and Pamplico, South Carolina, as tobacco markets subject to the Tobacco Inspection Act of August 23, 1935 (49, Stat. 731), is amended by striking out the word "fire-cured" where it occurs in the second recital of the order and substituting in lieu thereof the word "flue-cured,"

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the City of Washington, this 15th day of July 1936.

[SEAL] 1 1 15

Commence of

W. R. GREGG. Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 1300—Filed, July 16, 1936; 11:52 a. m.]

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD.

THE Home Owners' Loan Corporation.

METHOD OF RELIEF OF OWNERS OF LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED Bonds and the same of the same of

Be it resolved, That, pursuant to the authority vested in the Board by Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 126, 129), as amended by Sections 1 and 13 of the Act of April 27, 1934 (48 Stat. 643-647), and particularly by Sections 4-a and 4-k of said Act, as amended, the following procedure is hereby adopted to provide relief for the owners of lost, stolen,

or destroyed bonds. (1) Whenever it appears to the Secretary of the Treasury by clear and unequivocal proof that any interest-bearing bond of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation has, without bad faith upon the part of the owner, been destroyed, wholly or in part, or so defaced as to impair its value to the owner, and such bond is identified by number and description, the Home Owners' Loan Corporation will, under such regulations and with such restrictions as to time and retention for security or otherwise as are herein prescribed or as the Federal Home Loan Bank Board may hereafter prescribe, issue a duplicate thereof, having the same time to run, bearing like interest as the bond so proved to have been destroyed or defaced, and so marked as to show the original number of the bond destroyed and the date thereof. But when such destroyed or defaced bonds appear to have been of such a class or series as has been or may, before the application for relief is approved, be called in for redemption, instead of issuing duplicates thereof, they shall be paid, with such interest only as would have been paid if they had been presented in accordance with such call.

(2) Whenever it appears to the Secretary of the Treasury by clear and unequivocal proof that any interest-pearing bond of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, fully identified by number and description, has, without had faith on the part of the owner, been lost to such owner under such circumstances and for such period of time after it has matured or has become redeemable pursuant to a call for redemption as in the judgment of the Secretary would indicate that it has been destroyed or irretrievably lost, is not held by any person as his own property, and will not be presented by a bona fide holder for value, the Home Owners' Loan Corporation will make payment of the amount which would have been due on such bond had it been presented at the time it became due and payable. But no payment shall be made on account of interest represented by coupons claimed to have been attached to a missing coupon bond at the time of its loss or destruction, unless the Secretary is satisfied that such coupons have not been paid and are in fact destroyed or can never be made the basis of a claim against the Home Owners' Loan Corporation of the United States: Provided, That where relief is authorized under the provisions of this paragraph the bond of indemnity required by the following paragraph shall be in a penal sum of double the amount to be paid and shall be executed by an approved corporate surety.

(3) The owner of such lost, destroyed, or defaced bond, described in paragraphs (1) or (2) hereof, shall surrender the same, or so much thereof as may remain, and, subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) hereof, shall file in the United States Treasury Department a bond in a penal sum of double the amount of the lost, destroyed, or defaced bond, and the interest which would accrue thereon until the principal becomes due and payable, with two good and sufficient corporate surety, to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury as agent of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, with condition to indemnify and save harmless the Home Owners' Loan Corporation and the United States of America from any claim upon such lost, destroyed, or defaced bond.

- (4) Whenever it is proved to the Secretary of the Treasury by clear and satisfactory evidence that any duly registered bond of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, bearing interest, issued for valuable consideration in pursuance of law, has been lost or destroyed so that the same is not held by any person as his own property, the Home Owners' Loan Corporation will issue a duplicate of such registered bond, in like amount, and bearing like interest and marked in a like manner as the bond so proved to be lost or destroyed. But when such lost or destroyed bonds appear to have been of such a class or series as has been or may, before the application for relief is approved, be called in for redemption, instead of issuing duplicates thereof, they shall be paid, with such interest only as would have been paid if they had been presented in accordance with such call.
- (5) The owner of such missing bond, described in paragraph (4) hereof, shall first file in the United States Treasury Department a bond in a penal sum equal to the amount of such missing bond and the interest which would accrue thereon until the principal thereof becomes due and payable, with two good and sufficient sureties, residents of the United States, or with an approved corporate surety, to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury as agent of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, with condition to indemnify and save harmless the Home Owners' Loan Corporation and the United States of America from any claim because of the lost or destroyed bond.
- (6) Inasmuch as the United States Treasury Department is acting as transfer agent for the Home Owners' Loan Corporation with respect to its bonds, the regulations of the Treasury Department, now or hereafter in force, governing the issuance of duplicates or the payment of lost, stolen, or destroyed bonds of the United States, so far as applicable, are hereby adopted as the regulations of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation for the issuance of duplicates or the payment of lost, stolen, or destroyed bonds of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, and the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Acting Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized and empowered, on behalf of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, to approve applications for relief and bonds of indemnity, and to issue duplicates or make payment of bonds of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, all in accordance with the provisions of this resolution. The Secretary, the Under Secretary, or any Assistant Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to waive such regulations of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation on behalf of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation at his discretion in any particular case where a similar waiver would be allowed with respect to United States bonds; and the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Acting Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized and empowered, as the agent of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, to administer the foregoing provisions for relief and the regulations with respect thereto, and to delegate such authority at his discretion, to other officers and employees of the United States Treasury Department: Provided, That such delegation of authority shall not extend to powers herein expressly conferred upon the Secretary, Acting Secretary, Under Secretary, or Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury.
- (7) Wherever relief has heretofore been granted by the Secretary or Acting Secretary of the Treasury as agent of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation on account of the loss, theft, or destruction of bonds or interim receipts of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, under such conditions that such relief would now be authorized under the provisions of this resolution, their actions are hereby ratified and confirmed.
- (8) The Treasurer of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation is hereby authorized and empowered for and in the name of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation to settle with

sureties, residents of the United States, or with an approved | the Treasury Department all matters of detail concerning the administration of the foregoing provisions.

The provisions of this resolution shall not be subject to change by any administrative order.

R. L. NAGLE, Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 1299—Filed, July 15, 1936; 3:32 p.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[Fourth Section Application No. 16424]

GRAVEL FROM LA GRANGE, MO., TO BUSHNELL, ILL.

JULY 16, 1936.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. A. Sparry, Agent. Commodity involved: Gravel, road surfacing, in carloads.

From: La Grange, Mo. To: Bushnell, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Truck competition.

Any interested party desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice; otherwise the Commission may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing.

By the Commission, division 2.

Gronge B. McGinty, Secretary.

[F. R. Dec. 1301-Filed, July 16, 1936; 12:42 p. m.]

Saturday, July 18, 1936

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Division of Grazing.

GRAZING DISTRICT NOTICE Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming

Pursuant to the provisions of the act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), commonly known as the Taylor Grazing Act, as amended June 26, 1936, notice is hereby given that hearings will be held by the Department of the Interior for the purpose of considering the establishment of grazing districts in the States of Idaho, Nevada, and Wyoming, at the following places and times and any places or times to which any of such hearings may be adjourned:

State	Place	Date	Hour
Idaho	Pocatello	August 15, 1936	10 a. m.
Nevada	Ely	August 19, 1936	10 a.m.
Wyoming	Rock Springs	August 8, 1936	10 a. m.

These hearings will be open to the attendance of State officials, settlers, residents, and livestock owners, who are interested in the grazing use of the public domain in said States.

T. A. WALTERS,

Acting Secretary of the Interior.

Date, JULY 6, 1936.

[F. R. Dac. 1312—Filed, July 16, 1936; 3:41 p. m.]

GRAZUIG DISTRICT NOTICE

Montana

Pursuant to the provisions of the act of June 23, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), commonly known as the Taylor Grazing Act,